Show all work. A correct answer with no solution will give only a partial credit.

Write each problem on a separate page. Each answer should be clearly written in the end of the page. Preferably, make a single pdf file and submit in HuskyCT.

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- (1) Find the moment generation function of  $m_X(t) = \mathbb{E}e^{tX}$  for a random variable X with the probability density f(x) = (x-1)/2 when 1 < x < 3 and zero otherwise. Also, find  $m_X(0)$ ,  $m_X'(0)$ ,  $m_X''(0)$  by computing the moments of X.
- (2) Look at problems 2(a, b, c) in Test 2 given last week: find the moment generating function  $m_X(t) = \mathbb{E}e^{tX}$  and the joint moment generating function  $m_{X,Y}(s,t) = \mathbb{E}e^{tX+sY}$ .

Extended Hint: if you use the change of variables u = x + y, v = x - y, you can solve this problem using the table of distributions, without computing any integrals.

$$\mathbb{E}e^{tX+sY} = \mathbb{E}e^{t(U+V)/2+s(U-V)/2} = \mathbb{E}e^{\alpha U+\beta V}$$

To finish this solution you need to do the following:

- compute  $\alpha, \beta$ .
- justify why  $\mathbb{E}e^{\alpha U+\beta V}=\mathbb{E}e^{\alpha U}\mathbb{E}e^{\beta V}$  using the solution for Test 2
- find formulas for  $\mathbb{E}e^{\alpha U}$  and  $\mathbb{E}e^{\beta V}$  using the solution for Test 2, and the table of distributions
- use this to obtain the formula for  $m_{X,Y}(s,t)$
- use this to obtain the formula for  $m_X(t)$

*Extra credit question*: in the situation of problems 2(a,b,c) in Test 2 given last week, use moment generating functions to confirm that  $\mathbb{E}X = 5/4$  and  $\mathbb{E}XY = 5/3$ , and to compute  $\mathbb{E}X^2$  and  $\mathbb{E}X^3$ .

Hint: it may be helpful to use Taylor expansions.

End of the quiz