# MATH 5120 – Complex Function Theory I – Spring 2023

• Instructor: Alexander (Sasha) Teplyaev, https://alexander-teplyaev.uconn.edu/ office: MONT429, email: teplyaev@uconn.edu

# Lecture times and locations: TuTh 8:00am–9:15am MONT 414

- Office hours: TuTh 9:30am–10:15am or by appointment. Please send me an email. Office hours can be online or in person.
- **Textbook:** Complex Analysis (Princeton Lectures in Analysis, No. 2) Illustrated Edition by Elias M. Stein and Rami Shakarchi ISBN: 978-0691113852
- HW:

  - \* Final Exam will be optional and intended as a preparation for a Complex Analysis PhD prelim exam.
- **Preliminary grading policy:** Each grade will be determined individually. Students doing most of problems, with possible corrections, will receive at least an A-.
- For the final grade, HW will weight 10% and each of three in-class test will weight 30%.
- Tentatively, in-class Tests will be scheduled on the 6th, 10th and 14th weeks on Tuesdays (February 21, March 28, April 25). Preliminary schedule (subject to change):

Week 1, January 17, 19: Section 1.1

- Week 2, January 24, 26: Sections 1.2, 1.3
- Week 3, January 31, 2: Sections 2.1, 2.2
- Week 4, February 7, 9: Sections 2.3, 2.4
- Week 5, February 14, 16: Section 2.5, review
- Week 6, February 21: Test 1; February 23: review
- Week 7, February 28, 2: Sections 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, review
- Week 8, March 7, 9: Sections 3.4, 3.5
- Week 9, March 21, 23: Sections 3.6, 3.7, review
- Week 10, March 28: Test 2; March 30: review
- Week 11, April 4, 6: Section 8.1
- Week 12, April 11, 13: Section 8.2
- Week 13, April 18, 20: Section 8.3, review
- Week 14, April 25: Test 3; April 27: review

# Standard syllabus:

### Holomorphic (analytic) functions:

(1) Statement of the Jordan curve theorem and the notion of simple rectifiable curves.

- (2) The Riemann sphere.
- (3) The Cauchy-Riemann equations.
- (4) Power series and the disk of convergence.
- (5) Linear fractional (Möbius) transformations and conformal mappings.

## Integration theory:

- (1) Integration along simple rectifiable curves.
- (2) The Cauchy-Goursat theorem.
- (3) The Cauchy integral formula, Cauchys estimate.
- (4) Moreras theorem and the maximum principle.
- (5) The Argument Principle, winding numbers and Rouches theorem.
- (6) The residue theorem and its use in evaluating real-valued integrals.

#### **Representation Theorems:**

(1) Taylor and Laurent series.

(2) The maximum modulus, Liouvilles theorems, and the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra.

(3) Singularities and their classification.

#### Harmonic functions:

- (1) The mean value theorem, the maximum principle.
- (2) Their relation to holomorphic (i.e. complex analytic) functions.
- (3) Harmonic conjugates.

#### Miscellaneous:

- (1) The inverse function theorem.
- (2) The Schwarz Lemma.
- (3) The Schwarz reflection principle.
- (4) Normal families.
- (5) The Riemann mapping theorem.